## rethink Make Every Sip count

Drinks can impact health.
Sugary drinks may cause weight gain and cavities, especially for children. Over time, drinking sugary drinks may lead to obesity, type 2 diabetes and heart disease.

Beverage choices matter.
Drink water to stay hydrated. Drink nutrientpacked beverages like low-fat (I\%) or fat-free milk to boost your nutrition.

Choose water most often.
Drinking tap water with ice saves money. For flavor, add sliced fruit or cucumber.

Milk nourishes your body.
Aim to consume 2-3 servings of dairy such as low-fat (I\%) or fat-free milk, yogurt, cheese or fortified soy beverage, to help build strong teeth and bones and refuel muscles.

Drink juice in small amounts.
Choose whole fruit most often. If you drink juice, make sure it is $100 \%$ fruit or vegetable juice and limit to $1 / 2$ cup for children and one cup for adults per day.

Search ChooseMyPlate.gov for more "better beverage" ideas.


## What's in Your Drink? Read the Label

Find the serving size. One container isn't always one serving. This label shows 2 servings. How many calories would that be? ( 210 calories)

Limit added sugars.

- No more than 50 grams for adults each day ( 12 teaspoons).
- No more than 25 grams for children each day (6 teaspoons).

1\% Low-fat milk


| Choose Most Often <br> Drinks with no added sugars | Drink Less Often <br> Drinks with added sugars |
| :--- | :--- |
| Water | Soda |
| Low-fat (I\%), fat-free or <br> lactose free milk | Sports drinks |
| Fortified plain soy <br> beverages | All of these drinks <br> have more than <br> the limit of 25 <br> grams of added <br> sugars for children. <br> Some may have <br> up to 50 <br> added grams of |
| Unsweetened tea or <br> coffee | Energy drinks |

Let's Eat 8
Healthy

