# Nutrition Tips 

 HealthyEating.org
## Let's Eat Healthy

A Healthier You

## Fating



## Reality check ... where do you stand?



## Yes No

Are you often trying the latest diet?

Do you feel guilty if you eat your favorite foods?Do you often skip breakfast?Do you spend 2 or more hours a day watching TV or using the computer?

Did you mark YES to one or more questions? If so, then it's time to make healthy food choices and become more physically active. It can help you feel better, improve your health and improve your weight.

## Am I at a healthy weight?

If you are not comfortable with your weight or you just want to make healthy changes, small steps can make a big difference:

- Pack more nutrients into your food choices. Replace a high-calorie snack with a lower-calorie snack such as a piece of fruit.
- Move more. Walk for 30-60 minutes every day.
- Track what you eat and how much you eat. Eating up to 50 extra calories each day could make you gain up to 5 pounds in a year.
- Losing just 1-2 pounds a week is a healthy goal. Don't give up if the scale says your weight hasn't changed! You may find that you lose fat and gain muscle, which can make your clothes fit better.
Losing a little weight can really improve your health and help you feel better.

1. Find your weight in pounds. Draw a line going up.
2. Find your height. Draw a line across until you meet your weight line.

3. Is your weight where you'd like it to be? Yes $\bigcirc$ No $\bigcirc$
$\square$

## How can I make every calorie count?

These are foods that taste great and naturally have a lot of vitamins and minerals. They are lower in calories, fats, salt or added sugars.


Eat more:

- Low-fat or fat-free - Whole grains dairy foods
- Lean meats,
- Vegetables
- Fruits

Eat less:

- Fats
- Salt
- Added sugars


## What are my best calorie choices?

## Start your day

 with breakfast:- Skipping breakfast may lead to weight gain because you may eat or snack more later in the day.
- Eating high-fiber breakfast cereal may help you keep weight off.


## Plan home-cooked meals that:

- Can be as fast to make as eating out.
- Often are lower in calories than restaurant meals.
- Include more variety of foods.
- Cost less money than eating out.

For more information visit HealthyEating.org.

How do food labels help? Use food labels to help you make good choices. Here's how:

Low-fat milk


## Check serving sizes.

One container isn't always one serving. Compare your serving size to what's listed on the label as a serving size.

## Limit these numbers.

Watch calories. Avoid excess fats, sodium and added sugars.

## Get enough.

Focus on fiber, vitamin D, calcium, iron and potassium.

- $10 \%$ is good
- $20 \%$ or more is excellent


## What am I eating now?

Mark how much food you ate and drank for meals and snacks yesterday. Write the total for each food group at the bottom of each column.

| Food |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| One fist |
| 1 cup |$\quad$| Dry cereal, |
| :---: |
| Milk, Yogurt, |
| Vegetables, |
| Fruit |,



* This chart is based on 1,800 calories.


## More options for improvement

Eat foods that are rich in nutrients and have fewer calories.
Eat foods in the lighter-shaded areas or smaller servings of higher-calorie foods shown in the darker shading. Ideas:
Choose low-fat milk instead of a soft drink or oatmeal instead of a pastry.


Eat foods from all food groups for a balanced diet.

| Fruits <br> Make most choices fruit, not juice | Grains <br> Breads, Cereals, Pasta <br> Make half your grains whole grain | Protein <br> Meat, Beans, Nuts <br> Go lean with protein | "extra" Foods These don't fit in a food group |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fresh, frozen or canned in own juices <br> 1 cup cut-up fruit <br> 1 cup juice <br> $1 / 4$ cup dried fruit | 1 ounce=1slice bread; <br> 1 cup dry cereal; <br> $1 / 2$ cup rice, pasta <br> or cooked cereal <br> _ Hamburger | 3 ounces meat, fish or poultry <br> 1 ounce=1 egg; <br> $1 / 2$ cup beans; <br> 1 tablespoon peanut | Eat less. These are often higher in calories, added fats, salt or added |
| _ Grapefruit | or hot dog bun | butter or $1 / 2$ ounce nuts | sugars and low |
| - Berries | Whole-grain bread | _ Beans: pinto, black | in nutrients. |
| - Papaya | - Hot cereal | - Egg | - Ketchup |
| - Peach | or oatmeal | - Tofu | - Barbecue |
| - Cantaloupe | _ Roll | - Shrimp and | _ Jelly/jam |
| - Orange | _ Brown or white rice | - Lunch meat | - Salad |
| - Apple | - Corn tortilla | _ Peanut butter | dressing |
| - Pineapple | _ Pretzels | - Tuna fish | - Bacon |
| _ Grapes | _ Pasta or noodles | Pork and ham, lean | - Fruit drink |
| - Pear | _ Whole-grain cereal | (white meat, no | Chocolate |
| - Raisins and other dried fruit | - Graham crackers | skin) | candy |
| - Mango | - Bagel <br> Crackers | - Fish | - Cookies <br> Potato chips |
| - Banana | - French toast | - Hot dog | Soft drink |
| - Fruit juice (100\%) | _ Flour tortilla | Nuts and seeds | - Cake |
| - Canned fruit in | Cornbread | Beef, lean | Pie |
|  | - Granola | Chicken, fried | - Doughnut |
|  | - Muffin | - Sausage | $-\begin{aligned} & \text { Fast-food } \\ & \text { french fries }\end{aligned}$ |
| TOTAL | TOTAL | TOTA | TOTAL |
| 1½ cups | 6 ounces | 5 ounces | Limit |



## Small steps I can take to improve my food choices: Idea: Roasted red potatoes instead of french fries.

$\square$
To start my new habit I will:
Buy a different food
$\bigcirc$
Eat slower $\bigcirc$ Watch portion size
Eat at home more often Other:

I will start my new habit (date)

## Be active ... get moving!

## Start with 30 minutes a day-that's all it takes!



## Why be physically active?

Circle what motivates you!

- Give yourself more energy.
- Reduce stress and sleep better.
- Lose body fat and keep it off.
- Increase strength.
- Reduce your risk of diseases such as heart disease and diabetes.
- Lower high blood pressure.
- Keep bones healthy.
- Improve concentration and productivity at work.


## Boost your heart rate

- Make your heart beat faster for 30 minutes at least 5 days a week.
- Can't find 30 minutes to move? Aim for 3 ten-minute sessions each day. You can take the stairs, park farther from the store or turn a meeting into a walk.
- Work your way up to 60-90 minutes most days to lose weight or maintain weight loss.


## Build muscle

- Include strength training like lifting weights, push-ups, sit-ups or yoga to build or keep your muscles strong.
- Building muscles improves strength, balance and bone strength.


Health problems? Consult your health care provider first.

## Am I getting enough physical activity?

Write down physical activities you do now.

## Aim for 30 minutes 5 days a week or more. Move more! Get your heart working so you breathe harder.



| My Physical Activities |  | Mon | Tues | Wed | Thu | Fri | Sat |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | Sun $\mid$

Find ways to increase your activities. Walk at lunch, try a team sport or borrow a workout video.
My idea: $\qquad$
Mark an idea to try this week.Trade "do less often" time for "move more" time. Do sit-ups or jumping jacks while watching TV. Walk with a friend.Be active at work. Use break time to stretch, walk and do simple exercises like squats and arm circles.Add more time to each activity. Walk for 30 minutes instead of 20 minutes.Work a little harder. Turn your easy walks into power walks or jogs.

I will start my new activity: $\qquad$
(date)

## How can I make healthier choices?



## Food diary

Keep a weekly food diary to see if you are eating foods from your chart. Remember to list what you eat for snacks.

| Day 1: Meals | What you ate and drank |
| :--- | :--- |
| Breakfast |  |
| Lunch |  |
| Dinner |  |
| Snacks |  |
| Drinks (soft drink, <br> coffee, milk, juice) |  |
| Day 2: Meals | What you ate and drank |
| Breakfast |  |
| Lunch |  |
| Dinner |  |
| Snacks |  |
| Drinks (soft drink, |  |
| coffee, milk, juice) |  |

## My health goals

Go back and look at the inside pages to create 2 small steps for better health.
1.
2.

I will start my goals: $\qquad$ (date)


This program aligns with the Dietary Guidelines for Americans. It is one of many nutrition education resources offered by Dairy Council of California for students and adults to improve eating habits. For more information and additional resources, visit HealthyEating.org.

